Emotions Matter: An Overview for Families



Yale Center for Emotional Intelligence



"Educating the mind without educating the heart is no education at all"



What Are Emotions?

An emotion is an immediate response to something that happens in the environment or is evoked in the mind that causes shifts in:

- Thinking (like, dislike)
- Physiology (breathing, heart rate, hormones)
- Expression (face, body, vocal tones)
- Behavior (fight/flight, approach/avoid)

Emotions matter!

Emotions and what we do with our emotions influence:

- ✓ Attention, memory, and learning
- ✓ Decision making and judgement
- ✓ Relationship quality
- ✓ Physical and mental health
- ✓ Everyday effectiveness

...at home and in the classroom!





Research Shows...

- Early environments matter and nurturing relationships are essential
- Children's early development depends upon the health and wellbeing of their parents.
- Parents affect children, and children affect their parents. It gets complicated!— National Scientific Council on the Developing Child
- "Relationships are the soil in which children's SEL [social-emotional learning] skills grow." Jones & Bouffard

DEFINING EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

"Emotional intelligence is the ability to monitor one's own and others' feelings, to discriminate among them, and to use this information to guide one's thinking and action."

-Salovey & Mayer, 1990 -Mayer & Salovey, 1997 How did your own family deal with emotions?

Think about it: our upbringing impacts how we deal with emotions in our current families

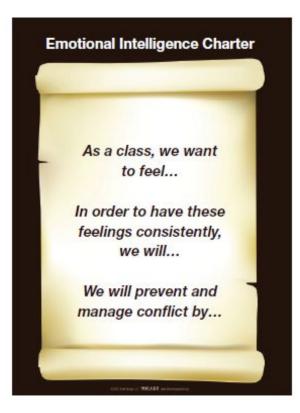
RULER

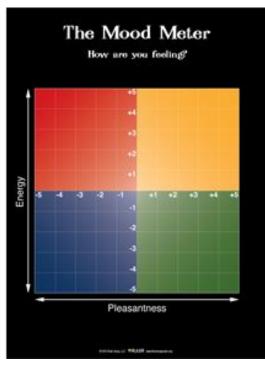


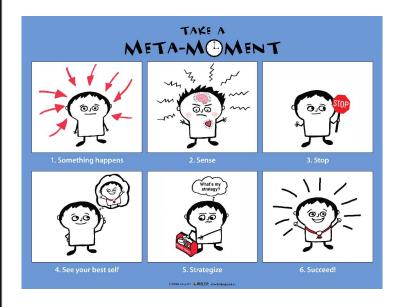


- Evidence-based approach to social and emotional learning
- Helps school communities integrate the teaching and practice of emotional intelligence into daily life
- Trains "everyone with a face" beginning with the adults
- Reduces problem behavior and enhances academic achievement

Anchor Tools









Emotional intelligence refers to five key skills:

- Recognizing
- Understanding
- Labeling
- Expressing
- Regulating



Recognizing Emotions

Identifying emotions in oneself and others by interpreting facial expressions, body language, vocal tones, and physiology.



- ✓ Pay attention to your emotions and the emotions of your child
- ✓ Point out and talk about the facial expressions, tone of voice, and body language that reflect different emotions

ACTIVITY

How skilled are you at recognizing emotions?







WHAT DID THIS ACTIVITY TEACH US ABOUT RECOGNIZING EMOTIONS?

- ✓ It's not as easy as we think
- ✓ Some expressions are more clear than others
- ✓ We are not always sure how others are reading us
- ✓ How well we know a person may influence how we read them

Understanding Emotions

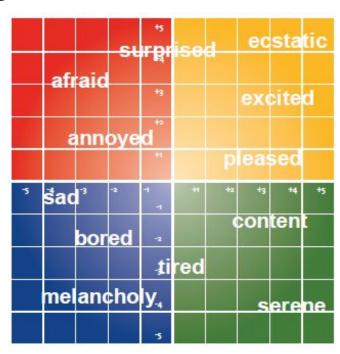
Knowing the causes and consequences of emotions



- ✓ Discuss with your child what leads him or her to feel a range of emotions
- ✓ Share how your feelings have affected your thoughts and behavior

Labeling Emotions

Having and using a wide array of words to describe the full range of emotions



- ✓ Use a wide range of emotion words with your child
- ✓ Encourage your child to find the best word to describe his or her feelings

Expressing Emotions

Knowing how and when to express emotions with different people and in multiple situations



- ✓ Express feelings at the best time, in the best place, and in the best way
- ✓ Help your child evaluate the best time and place to express their feelings

ACTIVITY

Pair Share:

Successful Expressions of Emotions

Regulating Emotions

Knowing and using effective thought and action strategies to prevent, reduce, initiate, maintain, and enhance different emotions



- ✓ Model many different effective strategies for your child when you manage your own feelings
- ✓ Help your child find useful and successful strategies for managing the range of emotions they experience

HELPFUL STRATEGIES

Thought Strategies

- Positive self-talk
- Positive reappraisal
- Acceptance
- Visualization
- Humor
- Distraction (short-term)

Action Strategies

- Good health habits:
 - Food, sleep, exercise
- Social support
- Constructive activity
- Avoiding/modifying situation
- Problem solving
- Seeking professional help

ACTIVITY

Role Play:

Regulating Emotions

DEBRIEF

- How did the parent regulate his/her emotions?
- What was he/she modeling?
- Are there other strategies that could have been used?

Practices For Parents

- ✓ Pay attention to your emotions and the emotions of your child
- ✓ Discuss with your child what leads him or her to feel a range of emotions
- ✓ Use a wide range of emotion words with your child
- ✓ Express feelings at the best time, in the best place, and in the best way
- ✓ Model many different effective strategies for your child when you manage your own feelings



QUESTIONS?



Contact Information

District 68 Executive Director of Special Services
Peg Lasiewicki, Ed.D. - plasiewicki@skokie68.org

Devonshire
Stacey Nitka - snitka@skokie68.org

Highland
Kim Weissenberg - kweissenberg@skokie68.org

Stenson
Craig Hobson - chobson@skokie68.org

Old Orchard Junior High
Alison Vinkler - avinkler@skokie68.org
Mike Flood - mflood@skokie68.org
Anna Fehsenfeld - afehsenfeld@skokie68.org

Copyright © 2013 Yale University

All rights reserved. This publication may not be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in whole or in part, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without prior permission from Yale University.